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Glaucoma Filtration Surgery (Trabeculectomy)

When is trabeculectomy surgery indicated?

Trabeculectomy is generally recommended for patients with glaucoma that continues to progress despite use of medications and / or laser treatments. In some cases, trabeculectomy surgery may be recommended prior to trying medical or laser treatment. These decisions vary depending on the type of glaucoma, the state of glaucoma, as well as other factors.

What is done during trabeculectomy surgery?

Glaucoma is treated by lowering the eye pressure. Surgery creates a new passage for the fluid in the eye to leave through. Instead of draining into the normal drainage site of this eye (the trabecular meshwork), the fluid is drained into a new space (a 'bleb') that is completely covered by the white outer covering (the conjunctiva) of the eye. This will lower the eye pressure. Since the surgery is usually performed near the top of the eye, the area of surgery usually cannot be seen afterwards because it is behind the upper eyelid. Often a tube connected to a silicone reservoir is used (Ahmed Valve).

What should I expect if I have trabeculectomy surgery?

The procedure is done under sedation in the operating room. It takes about 20 minutes and you will be sleeping during the surgery. It is not a painful procedure. After some eye drops are put in the eye and after the eye is numbed, your eye will be prepped, or cleaned. A sterile drape will be put over your face and body and leave only your eye uncovered. This keeps the area of the operation clean and sterile. Your eye will be held open by a 'lid speculum', so you do not have to worry about blinking during the surgery. After the surgery is over, a patch is placed over the eye.

The patch will be removed within 24-48 hours after surgery on your first post-operative visit. You should expect to be seen quite frequently by your surgeon until the eye completely heals. For many people, this may be even for up to 203 months. During this time, you will be taking frequent and multiple eye drops. You may need either removal of sutures, a laser procedure to cut some sutures, injections of supplemental medications, or other office procedures to modulate and control the healing process. This will maximize the outcome of the surgery. The postoperative care will vary from patient to patient, and your doctor may not be able to predict what will need to be done after the surgery. This varies widely from person to person. You will also be restricted from strenuous activities during the healing process.

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Will my glaucoma be cured with trabeculectomy surgery?

No. Any vision that is already lost prior to surgery, in general, will not return. Trabeculectomy surgery only lowers your eye pressure. By lowering the eye pressure, the goal is to either stop or slow down your loss of vision. Sometimes this goal is not possible.

Can I stop my eye drops after the surgery?

You will definitely need eye drops for 1 or 3 months after the surgery. Some people do not have to take eye drops after that period. It is more likely that you will eventually need some glaucoma eye drops to keep your pressure under control. In some cases, people will be taking fewer eye drops than they were before the surgery. The need for eye drops long-term varies greatly and is determined by your type of glaucoma and the rate it is progressing.

What are some risks for trabeculectomy surgery?

All eye surgery has some risks. Any operation is not done unless the benefits outweigh the risks. Risks include, but are not limited to, bleeding, infection, swelling, scarring, retinal detachment, a droopy eyelid, double vision, loss of vision or even loss of the eye. In general, many of these risks are not common, however, you may want to discuss the benefits and risks with your surgeon should you have any further questions. All surgery also has the possible need for another operation.